TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT

Grand County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District Grand County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District (District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District, as of December 31,

2017 and 2016, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages III through IX, the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 25, and the schedule of district contributions on page 26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado June 26, 2018

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Our discussion and analysis of Tabernash Water and Sanitation District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements which begin on page 1.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Required statements for proprietary funds are: 1) Statement of Net Position, 2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and 3) Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. This statement provides useful information regarding the financial position of the District. Over time, increases and decreases in net position can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Nonfinancial factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial position of the District.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position reports the changes that have occurred during the year to the District's net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in the subsequent years.

The Statement of Cash Flows, as its name implies, is concerned solely with flows of cash and cash equivalents. Only transactions that affect the District's cash position are reflected in this statement. Transactions are segregated into four sections on the statement: 1) cash flows from operating activities, 2) cash flows from capital financing activities, and 4) cash flows from investing activities.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS

Net Position

2017

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As noted in the following table, in 2017 the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$858,959 a decrease from 2016 of \$258,674 or 23.1%. Total assets decreased by \$191,342, or 3.4%, primarily due to the net loss for 2017 and its impact on current assets and the depreciation of capital assets. Capital asset activity is discussed below in the capital asset and debt administration section. Deferred

outflows of resources related to the loss on bond refunding decreased \$34,988 due to the annual amortization, additionally there was a decrease in deferred outflows related to pension of \$14,154, resulting in a net decrease in deferred outflows of resources of \$49,142. Current liabilities increased by \$70,775 due primarily to an increase in accounts payable of \$29,526 as a result of the timing of the payment of yearend expenditures and a \$50,000 increase in the current portion of bonds and loan payable for principal payments due in 2018. Long-term obligations activity is discussed below in the capital asset and debt administration section. During 2017, the District's proportionate share of net pension liability in PERA increased by \$63,542 to \$467,735. Although the District's proportionate share of the overall PERA net pension liability decreased by .00205%, the overall PERA net pension liability increased by \$248,760,000. The District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$211,435, or 28.9%, due to 2017's depreciation expense exceeding the capital asset additions. The District's restricted net position increased by \$28,476, or 7.7% due to higher cash balances that are restricted for the payment of debt service on the District's outstanding bonds.

2016

As noted in the following table, in 2016 the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,117,633 a decrease from 2015 of \$224,862 or 16.8%. Total assets decreased by \$194,562, or 3.3%, primarily due to the net loss for 2016 and its impact on current assets and the depreciation of capital assets. Capital asset activity is discussed below in the capital asset and debt administration section. Deferred outflows of resources related to the loss on bond refunding decreased \$34,989 due to the annual amortization, however this decrease was offset by an increase in deferred outflows related to pension of \$90,485, resulting in a net increase in deferred outflows of resource of \$55,496. Current liabilities increased by \$27,724 due to an increase in unearned revenue of \$8,226 and an increase in the current portion of the bonds and loan payable of \$20,000. Longterm obligations activity is discussed below in the capital asset and debt administration section. During 2016, the District's proportionate share of net pension liability in PERA increased by \$120,198 to \$404,193. The District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$200,831. or 21.5%, due to 2016's depreciation expense exceeding the capital asset additions. The District's restricted net position increased by \$35,599, or 10.7% due to higher cash balances that are restricted for the payment of debt service on the District's outstanding bonds.

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NET POSITION

	December 31,			
	2017	2016	2015	
ASSETS				
Current assets	\$ 1,137,598	\$ 1,084,243	\$ 1,064,713	
Capital assets, net	4,374,607	4,619,304	4,833,396	
Total assets	5,512,205	5,703,547	5,898,109	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			_	
Deferred loss on bond refunding	67,061	102,049	137,038	
Deferred outflows related to pension	118,155	132,309	41,824	
Total deferred outflows of resources	185,216	234,358	178,862	
LIABILITIES			_	
Current liabilities	187,045	116,270	88,546	
Long-term bonds and loan liabilities	3,802,250	3,920,500	3,988,750	
Net pension liability	467,735	404,193	283,995	
Total liabilities	4,457,030	4,440,963	4,361,291	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes	372,835	370,657	367,316	
Deferred inflows related to pension	8,597	8,652	5,869	
Total deferred inflows of resources	381,432	379,309	373,185	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	521,168	732,603	933,434	
Restricted	397,907	369,431	333,832	
Unrestricted	(60,116)	15,599	75,229	
Total net position	\$ 858,959	\$ 1,117,633	\$ 1,342,495	

Changes in Net Position

2017

As noted in the following table, the District's net position for 2017 decreased by \$258,674. Overall revenue increased by \$22,884. Property taxes increased by \$3,804, or 1.0%, for 2017 due to an increase in the District's assessed valuation and a .023 mill levy increase for operations. Charges for services increased by \$13,439, or 3.1%. Most of this increase was due to the District passing through \$46,227 of primarily legal and engineering costs to a developer considering inclusion into the District. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in service charges to Grand County for sewer services. The District's water base rate of \$168 per quarter and wastewater base rate \$177 per quarter remained the same as 2016, resulting in only minor changes in the water and sewer charges from 2016 levels. Remaining revenues were relatively consistent with 2016's balances.

Overall expenses increased from 2016 to 2017 by \$56,696, or 5.4%. Both water and sewer operating expenses decreased slightly from 2016 levels. The main increase was noted in administration expenses which increased by \$58,097, or 82.6%. This increase was primarily

due to increased costs of legal and engineering of \$46,227 related to the potential inclusion of property into the District as noted previously.

2016

As noted in the table below, the District's net position for 2016 decreased by \$224,862. Overall revenue increased by \$9,994. Property taxes increased by \$20,206, or 5.8%, for 2016 due to an increase in the District's assessed valuation and a 5.000 mill levy increase for debt service. Additionally, charges for services decreased by \$6,400, or 1.4%. This decrease was due to lower service charges to Grand County for sewer services. The District's water base rate of \$168 per quarter remained the same as 2015, however the wastewater base rate was increased from \$165 to \$177 per quarter, resulting in an overall increase in the quarterly base rate from \$333 to \$345. Remaining revenues were relatively consistent with 2015's balances.

Overall expenses decreased from 2015 to 2016 by \$13,576, or 1.3%. Both water and sewer operating expenses decreased in 2016. Water operating expenses decreased by \$3,971, or 2.7% The largest decrease in water operating expenses was for operating supplies which decreased by \$28,508. In 2015 the District undertook a Source Water Protection Project to protect the District's wells from contamination from infiltration. This project was out of the ordinary, and therefore 2016's operating supplies decreased to more historical levels. Sewer operations expenses decreased by \$18,796 or 6.5%. In 2015 the District incurred additional costs for cleaning and maintenance of the digester basin and for re-use water improvements at the sewer plant. For 2016 the sewer operating expenses decreased to more historical levels. Depreciation expense for 2016 increased by \$12,032, or 5.0% due to the District incurring a full year of depreciation for capital assets that were added in 2015.

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CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Years Ended December 31,					,
	2017			2016		2015
REVENUES						
Operating revenue:						
Charges for services	\$	453,335	\$	439,896	\$	446,296
Nonoperating revenue:						
Property taxes		370,809		367,005		346,799
Specific ownership taxes		26,318		22,373		21,644
Investment earnings		5,103		3,407		4,348
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		-		3,600
Total revenues		855,565	•	832,681		822,687
EXPENSES						
Operating expenses:						
Water operations		141,826		142,138		146,109
Sewer operations		269,894		271,804		290,600
Administration		128,453		70,356		72,907
Depreciation		254,121		251,376		239,344
Nonoperating expenses:						
Interest, fiscal charges and other		319,945		321,869		322,159
Total expenses		1,114,239		1,057,543		1,071,119
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(258,674)		(224,862)		(248,432)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,117,633		1,342,495		1,590,927
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	858,959	\$	1,117,633	\$	1,342,495

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During 2017 the District amended the 2017 budget, increasing the appropriated expenditures from \$1,491,701 to \$1,498,312. Actual expenditures were \$825,163 or \$673,149 under budget. Budgeted revenues, as amended, were \$846,716 and actual revenues were \$855,565 or \$8,849 more than budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINSTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation)

	2015	Change	2016	Change	2017
Land	\$ 132,381	\$ -	\$ 132,381	\$ -	\$ 132,381
Water rights	495,800	-	495,800	-	495,800
Water system	1,946,353	(108,121)	1,838,232	(103,163)	1,735,069
Wastewater system	2,218,840	(96,324)	2,122,516	(135,931)	1,986,585
Vehicles and equipment	40,022	(9,647)	30,375	(5,603)	24,772
Total	\$ 4,833,396	\$ (214,092)	\$ 4,619,304	\$ (244,697)	\$ 4,374,607

2017

During 2017 the District's capital asset additions amounted to \$5,250 for water monitor software hydraulic model and \$4,174 for a spectrophotometer.

2016

During 2016 the District's capital asset additions amounted to \$37,284 of wastewater system improvements, consisting of the purchase and installation of two pumps for a total of \$15,722 as well as \$21,562 for SCADA system improvements.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-Term Obligations

The District's long-term obligations at December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS Change 2016 Change 2017 2015 GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 \$ 3,745,000 (30,000)\$ 3,715,000 (50,000)\$ 3.665.000 CWRPDA Loan 255,500 292,000 (18, 250)273,750 (18,250)Total \$ 4,037,000 (48,250)3,988,750 (68,250)\$ 3,920,500

2017

During 2016 the District did not enter into any additional debt. The debt service payments on the bonds and loan were made as scheduled.

2016

During 2016 the District did not enter into any additional debt. The debt service payments on the bonds and loan were made as scheduled.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in Note 5 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For 2018, the District's water and wastewater base rates were increased to \$174 and \$183, respectively, per quarter, an increase from 2017's rates of \$168 and \$177, respectively, per quarter.

For 2018's property taxes, the District's assessed valuation for property taxes increased by .7%. The District's general operations mill levy remained the same at 6.325 mills and the debt service mill levy remained 58.000 mills. Total property taxes levied for 2018 are expected to generate approximately \$2,000 more revenue than 2017. The debt service property taxes are restricted for the scheduled payments on the District's outstanding long-term obligations. Total budgeted revenues for 2018 are \$905,028. Total budget expenditures for 2018 are \$900,681, resulting in an expected increase in funds available of \$4,347. Although expenditures are budgeted at \$900,681, the overall appropriation for expenditures (legal level of approved expenditures) was set by the Board of Directors at \$1,580,818.

On February 15, 2018 the District issued a \$4,150,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2018 (Refunding Loan) to advance refund and defease the District's outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (Refunded Bonds) in principal amount of \$3,665,000. This refunding effectively extended the maturity date of the District's long-term obligations and reduced the annual required debt service payments.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Tabernash Water and Sanitation District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District's Manager, P.O. Box 443, Tabernash, CO 80478, (970) 726-2839.



TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	342,291	\$	326,184
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted		277,387		249,579
Accounts receivable:				
Customers		78,590		75,883
Others		21,941		19,630
Prepaid expenses		18,192		16,562
Prepaid tap inventory		24,000		24,000
Property taxes receivable		375,197		372,405
Total current assets		1,137,598		1,084,243
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Capital assets, not being depreciated		628,181		628,181
Capital assets, being depreciated		7,021,211		7,017,212
		7,649,392		7,645,393
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(3,274,785)		(3,026,089)
Total capital assets		4,374,607		4,619,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred loss on bond refunding		67,061		102,049
Deferred outflows related to pension		118,155		132,309
Total deferred outflows of resources		185,216		234,358
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,697,421	\$	5,937,905
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,				
AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	40,773	\$	11,247
Accrued general leave	•	6,261	-	6,489
Unearned revenue		_		8,226
Interest payable		21,761		22,058
Bonds and loan payable - current		118,250		68,250
Total current liabilities		187,045		116,270
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds and loan payable - noncurrent		3,802,250		3,920,500
Net pension liability		467,735		404,193
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,269,985		4,324,693
Total liabilities		4,457,030		4,440,963
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes		372,835		370,657
Deferred inflows related to pension		8,597		8,652
Total deferred inflows of resources		381,432		379,309
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		521,168		732,603
Restricted for:				
Emergencies		1,180		1,160
Debt service		277,387		249,579
Operations and maintenance reserve		119,340		118,692
Unrestricted		(60,116)		15,599
Total net position	-	858,959		1,117,633
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	-	333,000		.,,000
AND NET POSITION	\$	5,697,421	\$	5,937,905
		-,·, · - ·		2,221,000

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
OPERATING REVENUE		
Service charges - water	\$ 155,283	\$ 156,790
Service charges - sewer	156,468	156,468
Intergovernmental charges for services	82,054	112,683
Other charges and cost reimbursements	 59,530	13,955
Total operating revenue	453,335	 439,896
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water operations	141,826	142,138
Sewer operations	269,894	271,804
Administration	128,453	70,356
Depreciation	254,121	251,376
Total operating expenses	794,294	735,674
OPERATING LOSS	(340,959)	(295,778)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
Property taxes	370,809	367,005
Specific ownership taxes	26,318	22,373
Net investment income	5,103	3,407
County treasurer's fees	(18,540)	(18,385)
Bond interest and fiscal charges	 (301,405)	(303,484)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	82,285	70,916
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(258,674)	(224,862)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,117,633	1,342,495
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 858,959	\$ 1,117,633

TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 440,091	\$ 469,760
Payments to vendors	(228,569)	(189,678)
Payments to employees	(206,295)	(270,796)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,227	9,286
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital asset purchases	(9,424)	(37,284)
Principal paid on capital debt	(68,250)	(48,250)
Interest paid on capital debt	(266,714)	(268,673)
Net cash required by capital financing activities	(344,388)	(354,207)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES		
Property and specific ownership taxes received	396,513	389,222
County treasurer's fees paid	(18,540)	(18,385)
Interest received	5,103	3,407
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	383,076	374,244
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	43,915	29,323
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	575,763	546,440
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 619,678	\$ 575,763
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO CASH FLOWS REQUIRED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile (loss) from operations to net cash provided (required) by operating activities:	\$ (340,959)	\$ (295,778)
Depreciation	254,121	251,376
Effects of changes in operating assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows		
Accounts receivable	(5,018)	21,638
Prepaid expenses	(1,630)	(16,322)
Inventory	-	7,974
Accounts payable	29,526	(359)
Accrued general leave	(228)	35
Unearned revenue	(8,226)	8,226
Net pension liability, deferred outflows related to pensions,		
and deferred inflows related to pensions	77,641	32,496
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,227	\$ 9,286

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District (District), was created on November 14, 1996, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Grand County, Colorado. The District's purpose is to provide for the design, acquisition, installation and construction of a complete water and irrigation water system, sanitary sewers, flood and surface drainage, wastewater treatment and disposal works and facilities, and all necessary or proper equipment and appurtenances incident thereto. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District's powers are related to those operated similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability.

Basis of Accounting

The District's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and loans is recorded as a reduction in liabilities. Tap fees and contributed assets from developers are recorded as capital contributions when received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA) and additions

to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. PERA investments are reported at fair value.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The District distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2017 the District modified the appropriation from \$1,491,701 to \$1,498,312.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenue and reported as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of uncollected water and sewer service revenue. Due to the District's broad powers of collection, no allowance for uncollectible water and sewer service revenue receivables has been reported.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors for goods or services reflect costs which are applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost except for those assets which have been contributed which are stated at estimated fair value at the date of contribution. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. The District's capitalization threshold for depreciable assets is \$2,500. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Water system 25 - 30 years Wastewater 25 - 30 years Vehicles and equipment 3 - 5 years

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

Tap Fees and Contributed Lines

Tap fees are recorded as capital contributions when received. Lines contributed to the District are recorded as capital contributions and additions to the systems at estimated fair market value when received.

Deferred Loss on Bond Refunding

The loss on bond refunding has been deferred and is being amortized over the remaining term of the refunded bonds using the straight line method. The annual amortization of the deferred loss is reported as a component of bond interest expense in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position. The unamortized deferred loss on bond refunding is reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016 the District's cash and cash equivalents were comprised of the following:

	2017			2016		
Deposits	\$	288,828	\$	310,615		
Investments - CSAFE		330,850		265,148		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	619,678	\$	575,763		

The District's cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	2017			2016		
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	342,291	\$	326,184		
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted		277,387		249,579		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	619,678	\$	575,763		

The restricted cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2017 and 2016 are restricted for the payment of debt service on the District's general obligation bonds.

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by Statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2017, the District had cash deposits with a bank balance of \$282,982 and a carrying balance of \$288,828. At December 31, 2016, the District had cash deposits with a bank balance of \$315,961 and a carrying balance of \$310,615.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy, however, the District follows Colorado State Statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

. Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and the World Bank

- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Certain corporate bonds
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

At December 31, 2017 and 2016 the District had the following investments:

		Carrying Amount at NAV			
Investment	Maturity	2017	2016		
Colorado Surplus Asset	Weighted average				
Fund Trust (CSAFE)	under 60 days	\$ 330,850	\$ 265,148		

CSAFE

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District has invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the CSAFE. CSAFE operates similarly to a money market fund. CSAFE primarily invests in U.S. Treasury securities, agencies, repurchase agreements, bank deposits, AAAm rated SEC registered money-market funds and highly-rated commercial paper. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

However, the District's investments are not measured at fair value and are therefore not categorized within the fair value hierarchy. These investments are measured at amortized cost or in certain circumstances the value is calculated using the net asset value (NAV) per share, or its equivalent of the investment. These investments include 2a7-like external investment pools and money market investments. The District held investments in CSAFE at yearend for which the investment valuations were determined as follows.

The CSAFE calculates the NAV as of the conclusion of each business day. The NAV is calculated by determining total assets, subtracting total liabilities from total assets, then dividing the result by the number of outstanding shares. Liabilities include all accrued expenses and fees, which are accrued daily. The NAV is calculated on an amortized cost basis as provided for by GASB Statement 79. CSAFE does not place any known limitations or restrictions such as

notice periods or maximum transaction amounts on withdrawals. It is the goal of CSAFE to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however changes in interest rates may affect the fair value of the securities held by CSAFE and there can be no assurance that the NAV will not vary from \$1.00 per share.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is an analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Balance at			Balance at
	December 31,		Disposals/	December 31,
	2016	Additions	Retirements	2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 132,381	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,381
Water rights	495,800			495,800
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	628,181			628,181
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Water system	3,274,226	5,250	-	3,279,476
Wastewater system	3,615,237	-	-	3,615,237
Vehicles and equipment	127,749	4,174	(5,425)	126,498
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	7,017,212	9,424	(5,425)	7,021,211
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water system	(1,435,994)	(108,413)	-	(1,544,407)
Wastewater system	(1,492,721)	(135,931)	-	(1,628,652)
Vehicles and equipment	(97,374)	(9,777)	5,425	(101,726)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,026,089)	(254,121)	5,425	(3,274,785)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	3,991,123	(244,697)		3,746,426
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,619,304	\$ (244,697)	\$ -	\$ 4,374,607

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The following is an analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance at December 31,		Disposals/	Balance at December 31,
	2015	Additions	Retirements	2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 132,381	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,381
Water rights	495,800	<u> </u>		495,800
Total capital assets, not		_		
being depreciated	628,181	<u> </u>		628,181
Capital assets, being depreciated:		_		
Water system	3,274,226	-	-	3,274,226
Wastewater system	3,577,953	37,284	-	3,615,237
Vehicles and equipment	130,937		(3,188)	127,749
Total capital assets being		_		
depreciated	6,983,116	37,284	(3,188)	7,017,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water system	(1,327,873)	(108,121)	-	(1,435,994)
Wastewater system	(1,359,113)	(133,608)	-	(1,492,721)
Vehicles and equipment	(90,915)	(9,647)	3,188	(97,374)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,777,901)	(251,376)	3,188	(3,026,089)
Total capital assets being		-		
depreciated, net	4,205,215	(214,092)		3,991,123
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,833,396	\$ (214,092)	\$ -	\$ 4,619,304

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	_	Balance at ecember 31,					_	Balance at ecember 31,	Dι	ue Within
		2016	Additions		Re	ductions	2017		One Year	
Bonds and loan payable:										
GO Refunding Bonds Series 2010	\$	3,715,000	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	3,665,000	\$	100,000
CWRPDA Loan		273,750		-		18,250		255,500		18,250
Total long-term obligations	\$	3,988,750	\$	-	\$	68,250	\$	3,920,500	\$	118,250

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance at December 31,						_	Balance at ecember 31,	Due Within		
		2015	Additions		Re	ductions	2016		One Year		
Bonds and loan payable:											
GO Refunding Bonds Series 2010	\$	3,745,000	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	3,715,000	\$	50,000	
CWRPDA Loan		292,000		-		18,250		273,750		18,250	
Total long-term obligations	\$	4,037,000	\$	-	\$	48,250	\$	3,988,750	\$	68,250	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010

On March 31, 2010, the District issued \$3,800,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated March 31, 2010. The bonds are term bonds due December 1, 2034. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part, by lot, on December 1, 2013, and on each December 1 thereafter. The bonds bear interest at 7.125%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, on December 1, 2020, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without redemption premium. The bonds in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$500,000 are subject to extraordinary redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or integral multiples of \$5,000, on any one or more interest payment dates, upon payment of the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without redemption premium. The bonds were issued to refund the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000.

Security for the bonds is provided by a pledge of the District's property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and other legally available moneys of the District. The District is required to impose a mill levy, without limitation of rate, in the amount sufficient pay the principal and interest on the bonds as they become due. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District levied 58.000 mills for the payment of the debt service on these bonds. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds as of December 31, 2017 is \$6,770,144.

Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority Loan

On April 15, 2011, the District entered into a \$365,000 Loan Agreement with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) dated April 15, 2011. The loan bears an interest rate of 0%. The loan requires semi-annual principal only payments of \$9,125 on May 1 and November 1 beginning on May 1, 2012 and continuing through November 1, 2031. The loan was entered into to fund capital improvements consisting of a dewatering press and headworks screening enhancements in order to convert liquid sludge into biosolids which can be composted and/or hauled away.

Security for the loan is provided by a pledge of the net revenue of the District, excluding certain revenues as defined in the loan agreement. Additionally the District has covenanted to establish and collect such rates, fees and charges, together with other available revenues will be at least sufficient to pay the sum of: a) operation and maintenance expenses, b) 110% of the

debt services on the loan, c) the amount, if any, to be paid into any debt service reserve account in connection with any obligations secured by a lien on the net revenue which lien is on a parity with the lien of this loan agreement on the net revenue, d) a sum equal to the debt service on any obligations secured by a lien on the net revenue which lien is subordinate to the lien of this loan agreement on the net revenue, and e) amounts necessary to pay and discharge all charges and liens or other indebtedness not described above and payable out of the gross revenue of the District. As of December 31, 2017, the remaining principal to be paid on the loan from the pledged net revenue is \$255,500. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 the District was in compliance with the revenue requirement as described in b) above.

The District's general obligation bonds and loan will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	118,250	\$ 261,131	\$ 379,381
2019		128,250	254,006	382,256
2020		138,250	246,169	384,419
2021		148,250	237,619	385,869
2022		163,250	228,356	391,606
2023-2027		1,021,250	968,644	1,989,894
2028-2032		1,473,000	574,632	2,047,632
2033-2034		730,000	 79,087	 809,087
	\$	3,920,500	\$ 2,849,644	\$ 6,770,144

Authorized Debt

On November 4, 1997, a majority of the District's voters authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness in an amount not to exceed the following amounts and for the following purposes: \$5,000,000 for a sanitary sewage collection and transmission system; \$3,000,000 for a complete potable and non-potable water supply, treatment, storage, transmission, and distribution system; \$8,000,000 for the purpose of refunding, paying or defeasing other financial obligations of the District; for a total authorization of \$16,000,000. As of December 31, 2017, the District had utilized \$5,300,000 of the total authorized debt, resulting in \$10,700,000 of authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness.

NOTE 6 - NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and if applicable reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District had net investments in capital assets of \$521,168 and \$732,603, respectively.

Restricted net position includes amounts that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position of \$1,180 and \$1,160 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (See Note 11).

At December 31, 2017 and 2016 the District had restricted net position of \$277,387 and \$249,579, respectively, representing accumulated cash and cash equivalents in the bond surplus account, which is restricted for the payment of debt service on the District's General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (See Note 5).

At December 31, 2017 and 2016 the District had restricted net position of \$119,340 and \$118,692, respectively, representing the operations and maintenance reserve required by the Loan Agreement with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (See Note 5).

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God. The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

Effective June 14, 2004 and as amended on April 26, 2016, District has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Grand County (County) related to the operation of a wastewater treatment system. The District has the capacity to treat 200,000 gallons of wastewater influent and 418 pounds of BOD organic material per day. The amended 1041 permit allows the plan to service 714 single-family taps. The District and the County have agreed that the allocation of these 714 single-family taps, including tap trades in prior years, is 467 for the District and 247 for the County. As of December 31, 2017, the District has issued 275 taps of which 221 were being billed for service. The County has reported to the District that it has sold 141.2 taps. The County is responsible for billing and collection related to the taps it has sold.

Total costs associated with the facility, including construction, land purchase, engineering and inspection fees, developer expenses and organization costs, legal and accounting costs were borne by the District and the County at 66.7% and 33.3%, respectively. Ownership of the facility is to be shared by the District and the County based on the same percentages of shared costs. With the completion of the wastewater treatment plant in 2001 and the upgrade in 2005, the District and the County agreed to share the operating expenses of the plant in the same ratio of ownership.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District billed the County \$80,664 and \$100,267, respectively, for the County's share of the operational costs of the facilities and also

billed the County \$1,390 and \$12,416, respectively, for the County's share of the capital improvements to the facilities.

NOTE 9 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. District participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. Section 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the LGDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions. Eligible employees and District are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. Section 24-51-401, et seq. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

Rate
10.00%
-1.02%
8.98%
2.20%
1.50%
12.68%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from District were \$20,481 and \$26,622 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District reported liabilities of \$467,735 and \$404,193, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability at December 31, 2015 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2016.

The District proportion of the net pension liability was based on District contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2015 and 2016 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF. At December 31, 2016, the District proportion was 0.0346383 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0020538 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015. At December 31, 2015, the District proportion was 0.0366921 percent, which was an increase of 0.0050072 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$98,125 and \$59,352, respectively. At December 31, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Difference between expected and actual experience \$ 8,324 \$ -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	
on pension plan investments 56,173 -	
Change in proportion and differences between	
contributions recognized and proportionate share of	
contributions - 7,24	4
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs 33,177 1,35	3
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 20,481 -	
Total \$ 118,155 \$ 8,59	7

\$20,481 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	
2018	\$ 49,305
2019	23,498
2020	15,740
2021	534
	\$ 89,077

Actuarial cost method

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.80 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.90 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 - 10.85 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 percent
Discount rate	7.50 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06	
(ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the
	Annual Increase Reserve

Based on the 2016 experience analysis and the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016 and effective as of December 31, 2016. These revised assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2016:

Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 - 10.45 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	·
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	•
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06	•
(ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the
· ,	Annual Increase Reserve

Entry age

As a result of the 2016 experience analysis and the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop, revised economic and demographic actuarial assumptions including withdrawal

rates, retirement rates for early reduced and unreduced retirement, disability rates, administrative expense load, and pre- and post-retirement and disability mortality rates were adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016 to more closely reflect PERA's actual experience. As the revised economic and demographic assumptions are effective as of the measurement date, December 31, 2016, these revised assumptions were reflected in the total pension liability roll-forward procedures.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016. As a result of the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and the November 18, 2016 PERA Board meeting, the economic assumptions changed, effective December 31, 2016, as follows:

- Investment rate of return assumption decreased from 7.50 percent per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses to 7.25 percent per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses.
- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.80 percent per year to 2.40 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.70 percent per year, net of investment expenses, to 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.90 percent per year to 3.50 percent per year.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-

normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the November 18, 2016 adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity - Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity - Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Private Equity	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated economic and demographic actuarial assumptions adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the
 active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan
 members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total
 covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.

- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date, including current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination did not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate was 7.50 percent, 0.25 percent higher compared to the current measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the

net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 689,655	\$ 467,735	\$ 283,962

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. In addition, the District does not match employee contributions. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, program members contributed \$5,800 and \$5,208, respectively, to the Voluntary Investment Program.

NOTE 10 - POST RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description – The District contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HCTF. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The District is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the District are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the District contributions to the HCTF were \$1,647, \$2,142 and \$2,126, respectively, equal to their required contributions for each year.

NOTE 11 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 1995 a majority of the District's voters approved the following ballot question:

Shall Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District be authorized to collect, retain and spend developer contributions, rates, fees, tolls and charges, and any other revenues not derived from ad valorem taxes in 1996 and each year thereafter, and shall such revenues and any investment income thereon be collected and spent as a voter-approved revenue change, without regard to any spending, revenue-raising or other limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, or any other law?

On November 5, 1996 a majority of the District's voters approved the following ballot question:

Shall Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District be increased \$15,000 annually, commencing with a total mill levy not to exceed 6.325 mills certified in 1996, and by whatever additional amounts are raised each year thereafter from a total mill levy not to exceed 6.325 mills, for the purpose of funding any lawful expenses of the District, and shall such revenues and any investment income thereon be collected and spent as a voter-approved revenue change without regard to and spending, revenue-raising or other limitation of Article X Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law; and shall the revenue from such taxes and any investment income thereon also be approved for 1997 and each year thereafter as an increased levy under section 29-1-302, C.R.S.?

On November 4, 1997 a majority of the District's voters approved the following ballot questions:

Shall Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District taxes be increased \$500,000 annually, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses: such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the Board, and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be necessary, to be used for the purpose of paying the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses; and shall the proceeds of such taxes and investment income thereon constitute voter-approved revenue changes and be collected

and spent by the District each year without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, or Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes?

Shall Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District, for purposes other than enterprises, and as a voter-approved revenue change, be authorized to collect, retain, and spend the amount of \$500,000 annually from any revenue sources other than ad valorem taxes, including by not limited to tap fees, facility fees, service charges, administrative charges, grants, or any other fee, rate, toll, penalty, income or charge imposed, collected, or authorized by law to be imposed or collected by the District, and shall such revenues be collected and spent by the District without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and without limiting in any year the amount of other revenues that may be collected and spent by the District?

On November 3, 1998 a majority of the District's voters approved the following ballot question:

Shall Tabernash Meadows Water and Sanitation District, for the purposes other than enterprises, and as a voter-approved revenue change, be authorized to collect, retain, and spend the amount of \$2,000,000 annually from any revenue sources other than ad valorem taxes, including but not limited to tap fees, facility fees, service charges, inspection charges, administrative charges, grants, or any other fee, rate, toll, penalty, income or charge imposed, collected, or authorized by law to be imposed or collected by the District, and shall such revenues, be collected and spent by the District without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and without limiting, in 1998 or any year thereafter, the amount of other revenues that may be collected and spent by the District under Section 29-1-301, C.R.S. or any other statute or law?

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of the District's activities qualify as an Enterprise within the meaning of TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and many of the provisions, including the calculation of fiscal year spending limits, growth factors, and qualification as an Enterprise, may require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On February 15, 2018 the District issued a \$4,150,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2018 (Refunding Loan) to advance refund and defease the District's outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (Refunded Bonds) in principal amount of \$3,665,000. The Refunding Loan was issued with an average coupon rate of 4.538% and the Refunded Bonds bore an average coupon rate of 7.125%. The defeased bonds are not considered a liability of the District since sufficient funds of \$4,186,141

were deposited with a trustee in escrow to be used to redeem the defeased bonds when due. The District increased its aggregate debt service payments by \$1,012,729 over the next 30 years and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$365,919.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.



TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PENSION PLAN - LOCAL GOVERNMENT DIVISION TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS(1)

		2016	2015			2014		2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(0.0346383%		0.0366921%		0.0316849%		0.0329474%
Disrict's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	467,735	\$	404,193	\$	283,995	\$	271,131
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	209,952	\$	208,383	\$	173,619	\$	175,777
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll		222.78%		193.97%		163.57%		154.25%
Calculation of Collectvie Net Pension Liability: Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability	3,7	23,847,000 73,506,000 550,341,000	3,6	762,090,000 660,509,000 101,581,000	3,	647,777,000 751,468,000 896,309,000	3,	331,233,000 (2) 508,312,000 822,921,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.65%		76.87%		80.72%		81.00%

^{(1) -} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

NOTE: Information for the prior six years was not available to report.

^{(2) -} December 31, 2013 amount reduced by the \$186,006,000 specific liability adjustment resulting from the termination of the affiliation of Memorial Health Systems. This specific liability was paid in October 2014 by the City of Colorado Springs.

TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PENSION PLAN - LOCAL GOVERNMENT DIVISION TRUST FUND LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 20,481	\$ 26,622	\$ 26,423	\$ 22,015	\$ 22,289
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(20,481)	(26,622)	(26,423)	(22,015)	(22,289)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 161,518	\$ 209,952	\$ 208,383	\$ 173,619	\$ 175,777
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%	12.68%

NOTE: Information for the prior five years was not available to report.



TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2017

DEVENUES	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Conoral property toyon	\$ 36,416	\$ 36,671	\$ 36,742	\$ 71
General property taxes Bond property taxes	333,930	333,425	\$ 36,742 334,067	φ 71 642
Specific ownership tax	22,150	24,458	26,318	1,860
County portion of operations	98,715	86,336	80,664	(5,672)
County portion of operations County portion of capital	90,713	60,330	1,390	1,390
Interest income	1 250	6 265	5,103	
Cost reimbursement	1,250	6,365	46,227	(1,262)
Other income	12,000	34,522 13,325	•	11,705
Service charges	12,000		13,303	(22)
Total revenues	311,548	311,614	311,751	137
EXPENDITURES	816,009	846,716	855,565	8,849
	222 022	202 444	206.067	(2.622)
Salaries and benefits	222,933	202,444	206,067	(3,623)
HR development	2,200	1,006	636	370 573
Contract/professional services	10,000	5,425	4,852	573
Vehicle expense	5,000	5,393	5,433	(40)
Operating supply/equipment	40,450	34,901	50,015	(15,114)
Fire line extension	- 0.000	4,482	3,071	1,411
Lab testing	9,000	4,454	4,659	(205)
Biosolids removal	8,700	4,883	4,141	742
Utilities	37,976	28,649	27,756	893
Snow removal	500	500	200	300
Communication	7,500	5,238	6,111	(873)
Office supplies	7,000	4,641	6,349	(1,708)
Permits	2,650	2,415	2,431	(16)
Dues and subscriptions	4,150	4,383	4,383	-
Audit and accounting	23,529	23,705	22,082	1,623
Treasurer fees	18,518	18,540	18,540	-
General and water rights legal	8,300	56,982	51,386	5,596
Reimbursable expenditures	-	34,522	46,227	(11,705)
Board of directors/election	-	71	71	
General liability insurance	18,100	18,168	16,662	1,506
Capital expenditures	-	9,424	9,424	-
Bond administration	1,900	3,702	2,020	1,682
Bond interest	264,694	264,694	264,397	297
Bond and loan principal	68,250	68,250	68,250	-
Contingency	730,351	691,440		691,440
Total expenditures	1,491,701	1,498,312	825,163	673,149
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	(675,692)	(651,596)	30,402	681,998
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	656,007	665,569	665,566	(3)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$ (19,685)	\$ 13,973	\$ 695,968	\$ 681,995
Funds available is computed as follows:				
Current assets			\$ 1,137,598	
Current liabilities			(187,045)	
Deferred property taxes			(372,835)	
Add back current portion of bonds payable			118,250	
and a series of the series of			\$ 695,968	

TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenue (budgetary basis)		855,565
Revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and		_
Changes in Fund Net Position		855,565
Expenditures (budgetary basis)		825,163
Depreciation		254,121
Amortization of deferred loss on bond refunding		34,988
Net effect of changes in: net pension liability; deferred inflows		
related to pensions; and deferred outflows related to pensions		77,641
Capital outlay		(9,424)
Bond and loan principal		(68,250)
Expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and		
Changes in Fund Net Position		1,114,239
Change in not position now Statement of Davenues, Evanges		
Change in net position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	ф	(250 674)
and Changes in Fund Net Position	<u> </u>	(258,674)



TABERNASH MEADOWS WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Assessed Valuation for Current		Mills Levied				Percentage	
Year Ended	Year Property			Debt	Propert	ty Taxes	Collected	
December 31,	ber 31, Tax Levy		Operations	Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied	
2009	\$	6,834,210	6.325	20.000	\$179,911	\$174,395	96.9%	
2010	\$	7,884,250	6.325	30.000	\$286,395	\$367,005	128.1%	
2011	\$	8,090,390	6.325	30.000	\$293,883	\$293,884	100.0%	
2012	\$	6,707,960	6.325	42.000	\$324,162	\$324,162	100.0%	
2013	\$	6,786,890	6.325	45.000	\$348,337	\$349,544	100.3%	
2014	\$	5,831,820	6.325	53.000	\$345,973	\$344,666	99.6%	
2015	\$	5,847,250	6.325	53.000	\$346,888	\$346,799	100.0%	
2016	\$	5,707,570	6.356 (A)	58.000	\$367,316	\$367,005	99.9%	
2017	\$	5,757,420	6.379 (B)	58.000	\$370,657	\$370,809	100.0%	

year ending December 31, 2018

Estimated for

6.325

(A) - Includes .031 mill levy for refunds and abatements of prior years taxes

Prior Year

\$ 5,796,120

(B) - Includes .023 mill levy for refunds and abatements of prior years taxes

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

58.000

\$372,835